



Energy
Storage
Association

StoragePLUS Natural Gas

March 27, 2019

www.energystorage.org

Webinar Instructions

This webinar is being recorded and will be available on www.energystorage.org.

All lines will be muted during the webinar.

To submit questions, please use the chat box on the left-hand side of your screen at any time throughout the presentation.



Antitrust Guidelines

All meetings and teleconferences of the Energy Storage Association are held in accordance with our antitrust guidelines. We ask that you abide by these guidelines during today's webinar. The full guidelines are available in the Members Only area of the ESA website.





**Expansion. Inclusion.
Integration.**

An aerial, grayscale map of the Phoenix metropolitan area, showing a dense grid of streets and surrounding terrain. The map is centered on the city and extends to the edges of the frame.

Register Now

**Phoenix Convention Center
April 16 - 18, 2019**

esacon.energystorage-events.org

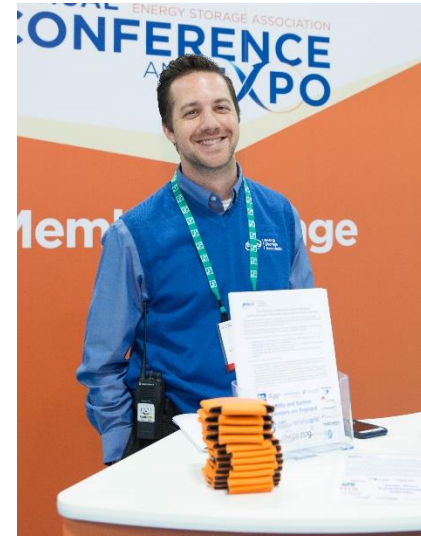


Energy
Storage
Association

ESA Membership

**ESA works to ACCELERATE markets,
CONNECT members and EDUCATE all
stakeholders.**

Contact **Richie O'Neill**, Membership Director
r.oneill@energystorage.org



Today's Speaker



Kurt Waldner
Director, Strategic Marketing
and Project Management
GE Energy Storage



GE Renewable Hybrids



THERMAL HYBRIDS

unlocking the transition to a
reliable low-carbon electrical
system with flexible, modular
Energy Storage Solutions

Presented by:

Kurt Waldner

Director – Strategic Marketing & Product Management
GE Energy Storage



KURT WALDNER

Director – Strategic Marketing & Product Management
GE Energy Storage

Director – Strategic Marketing and Product Management for GE Energy Storage

Responsible for overall lifecycle management of GE's Energy Storage and hybrid subsystem offerings

Multiple roles over a 22 year GE career including turbine design, Product Management, LTSA Productivity Leader and GM of the Aeroderivative LTSA business

AGENDA

- GE Energy Storage
- Today's Environment
- The Renewables Conundrum
- Thermal Hybrids: Macroeconomic Benefits
- What is a Thermal Hybrid?
- Thermal Hybrids: Case Studies
- Conclusions, Next Steps



GE ENERGY STORAGE

Energy Storage Solutions: Unlocking the Transition to a Reliable Low-Carbon Electrical System

SERVING GLOBAL CUSTOMERS WITH LOCAL EXPERTISE

GE is globally recognized for designing and delivering customized energy storage solutions for diverse applications. With regionally located technical experts, our teams work directly with customers during the lifetime of the project. To date GE has more than 330 MWh of energy storage in operation or in construction globally.



INDUSTRY EXCELLENCE

10 years

of storage experience

20 year

performance guarantee



PIONEERING

1st Hybrid EGT

storage + gas turbine peaker
in operation

Black Start

first proven emergency start
of CCGT



LOCAL EXPERTISE

40+ Countries

providing comprehensive
consulting & services

248 MWh

in North America

54 MWh

in Europe

21 MWh

in Asia

7 MWh

in Africa

Services

52+ service and repair centers

17 technical institutes

GE SOLUTION

GE's Reservoir is a flexible, compact energy storage solution for AC or DC coupled systems. The Reservoir solution combines GE's advanced technologies and expertise in plant controls, power electronics, battery management systems and electrical balance of plant – all backed by GE's performance guarantees.



**POWER
CONVERSION**

**BATTERY
MANAGEMENT**

**PURPOSE BUILT
ENCLOSURES**

CONTROL UNIT

**MV
TRANSFORMER**

**MV
SWITCHGEAR**

**CONSULTING &
SERVICES**

**SOFTWARE
SUITE**

GE APPROACH

GE's broad portfolio of Reservoir Solutions can be tailored to the operational needs enabling, efficient and cost-effective storage distribution and utilization of energy where and when it's needed most.



Our approach results in an investment grade business case that provides the basis of project planning and financing

TODAY'S ENVIRONMENT

Energy Storage Solutions: Unlocking the Transition to a Reliable Low-Carbon Electrical System

NYC 1903



NYC 1913



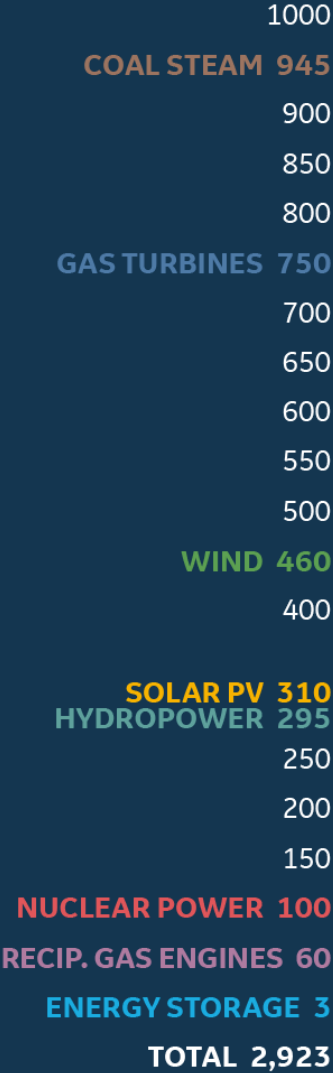
Difficult to predict the pace of change



A LOT CAN HAPPEN IN 10 YEARS

TOTAL CAPACITY ORDERS (GW)

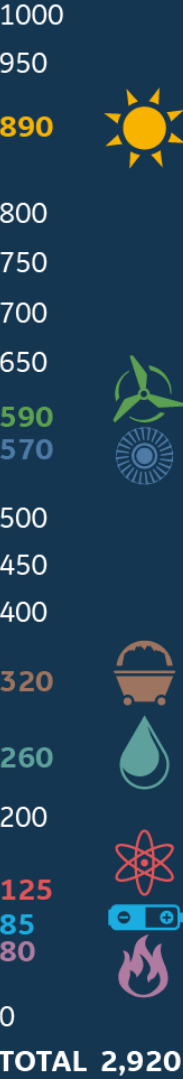
2007-2016



Source: GE

TOTAL CAPACITY ORDERS (GW)

2017-2026



TRENDS DISRUPTING THE POWER SECTOR FROM GENERATION TO T&D



DECARBONIZATION

By 2040, **RENEWABLES** will represent **30%** of global net electricity ... **or more?**

IMPACT

- Generation is becoming difficult to forecast & variable
- Grid stability, Congestion Volatility on electricity markets



DIGITIZATION

GROWING THE NUMBER of connected devices & **smart sensors**

IMPACT

- Allowing decision making based on dynamic and nodal prices



DECENTRALIZATION

GROWING PENETRATION of distributed resources (renewable, storage, efficient devices)

IMPACT

- End user becomes an active actor of the power system ('prosumer')
- Growing complexity of distribution grids



ELECTRIFICATION in energy ecosystem

ELECTRIFICATION OF ENERGY USES, transport (EVs) and heating

IMPACT

- Growth of Electricity demand, and an acceleration of decentralization of the power sector

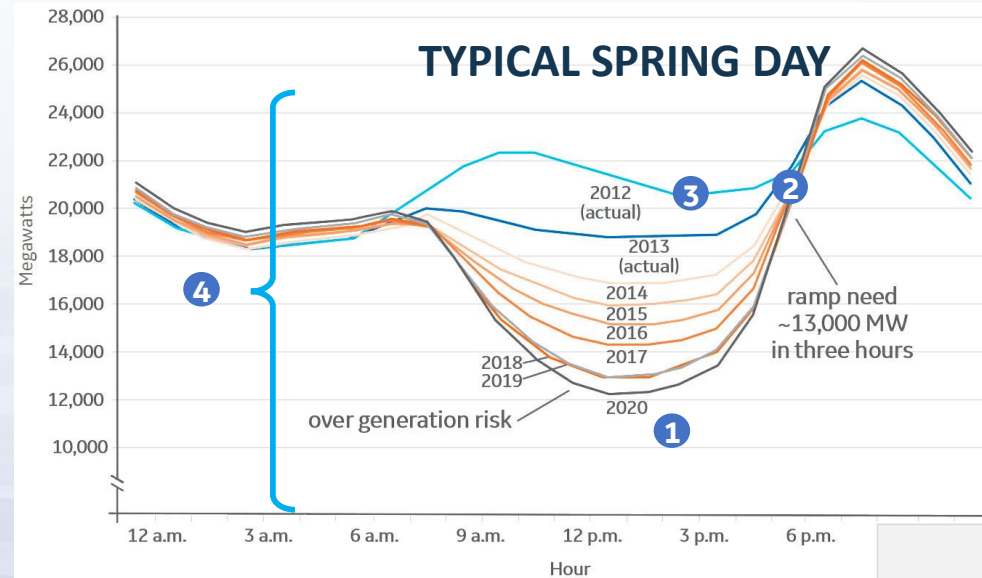


THE RENEWABLES CONUNDRUM

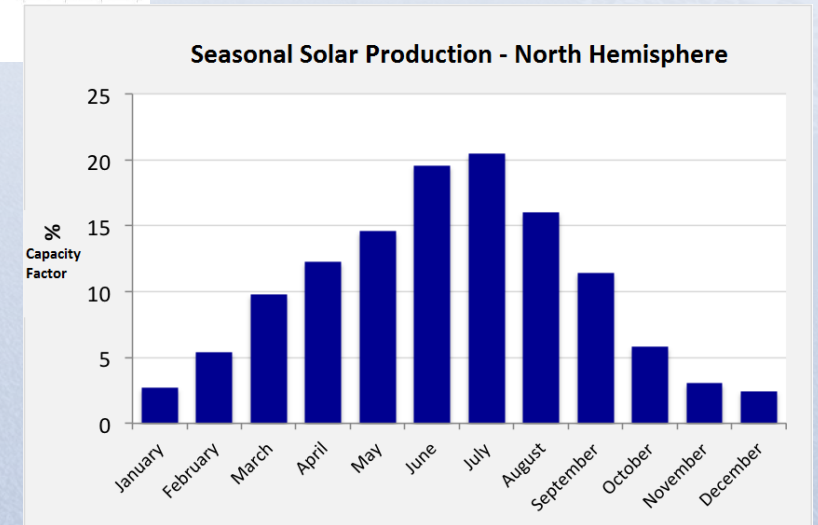
Energy Storage Solutions: Unlocking the Transition to a Reliable Low-Carbon Electrical System

INCREASING RENEWABLES CREATE NEW PRESSURES ON THE GRID

- 1 Overgeneration from PV
- 2 Quick changes
- 3 Volatility
- 4 Variation in Time of Day prices



- 5 Seasonal loss in renewable sources
- 6 Extended negative weather events



Sources: CAISO; pv magazine

“Levelized” mindset inadequate for the future – time of day, seasonality, and extremes matter more than ever

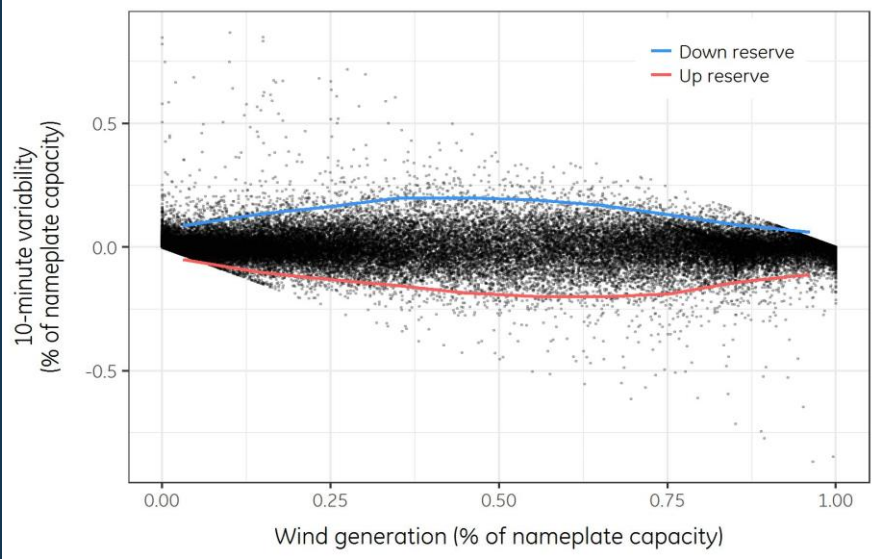
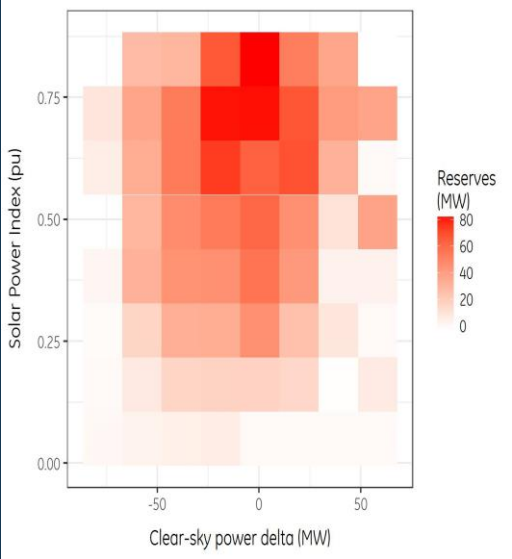
CHALLENGE: RELIABILITY IMPACTS OF AN EVOLVING FLEET

1

	Unforced Capacity	Frequency Response Capability	Reactive Capability	Ramp Capability	Fuel Assurance Capability	Flexibility Capability	Unforced Capacity	Frequency Response Capability	Reactive Capability	Ramp Capability	Fuel Assurance Capability	Flexibility Capability
Expected Near-Term Portfolio						Natural Gas Replacement of Moderate Coal & Nuclear Retirements						
Coal	34.2%	19.7%	35.5%	27.9%	32.9%	5.8%	17.1%	12.8%	18.9%	15.3%	25.1%	2.2%
Natural Gas	33.1%	31.2%	39.0%	47.9%	7.6%	50.4%	44.0%	38.1%	55.0%	61.2%	13.5%	51.5%
Oil	6.2%	15.5%	6.8%	5.6%	21.4%	15.9%	6.2%	14.7%	7.3%	5.5%	22.5%	12.3%
Nuclear	18.1%	9.7%	13.3%	0.0%	22.7%	0.0%	13.6%	7.7%	10.6%	0.0%	22.9%	0.0%
Solar	0.1%	1.5%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.1%	5.5%	2.8%	0.6%	0.0%	0.0%	3.9%
Wind	0.6%	3.0%	0.2%	0.1%	0.0%	1.3%	6.1%	5.6%	2.2%	0.6%	0.0%	9.4%
Renewable Replacement of High Coal & Nuclear Retirements						Natural Gas Replacement of High Coal & Nuclear Retirements						
Coal	8.6%	10.0%	10.7%	7.6%	21.4%	0.9%	8.6%	9.0%	8.8%	6.4%	18.6%	1.0%
Natural Gas	43.0%	43.5%	61.1%	65.3%	20.3%	40.9%	59.2%	45.2%	69.3%	72.8%	21.6%	58.7%
Oil	6.2%	15.5%	8.3%	6.1%	24.8%	10.0%	6.2%	14.5%	6.8%	4.9%	23.3%	10.4%
Nuclear	4.5%	3.2%	4.1%	0.0%	16.1%	0.0%	9.0%	4.8%	6.7%	0.0%	20.0%	0.0%
Solar	9.9%	2.8%	1.2%	0.1%	0.0%	5.7%	0.1%	2.8%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Wind	20.3%	5.6%	8.4%	2.3%	0.0%	25.5%	9.3%	5.6%	3.2%	0.9%	0.0%	12.4%

NOTE: Hydro, battery/storage, demand response and other renewables are excluded from this graphic because their contribution to the total amount of reliability services is consistent in each example portfolio.

Load Following and Operating Reserves required to firm VERs is approximately 28% of wind and 20% of solar PV



US CCGT Fleet		MW	GWh	%	Btu/kWh
2017	Nation Total	249,460	1,019,019	47%	7,405
2016	Nation Total	243,669	1,107,389	52%	7,267

Sources: PJM Evolving Resource Mix 2017; NREL WWSIS-2; EVA Analysis of EIA-923, EIA-860 and EPA CEMS data

Gas fleet CF shrinks, reliability needs grow as RPS increases, placing an even higher burden on remaining gas fleet

CHALLENGE: ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT (NEGATIVE EXTERNALITIES)

Adding renewables can require more operating reserves and ramping from existing gas plants, increasing local pollutants & causing diminishing returns on GHG reduction.

GHG target, RPS's



Seasonality, volatility ↑



Sub-optimization of gas fleet



GHG reduction impact ↓

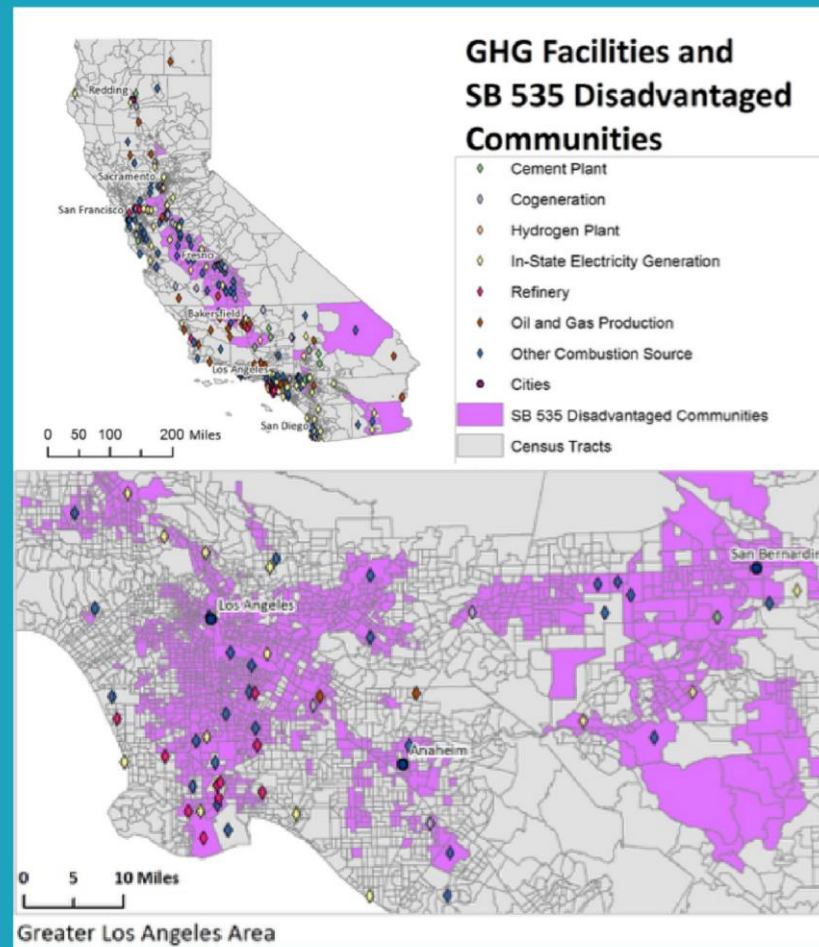
CAISO's assessment of early economic retirement of gas-fired resources show shortfalls in *load following* and *operating reserves* with only 1,000 – 2,800 MWs of retirement

CAISO's recent analysis of the CPUC's proposed preferred portfolio noted capacity insufficiencies with more than 2,150 MWs of thermal retirement due to the 40 year plant-life assumption

Source: CAISO Reliability Assessment of the IRP Hybrid Conforming Plan, 2019

CHALLENGE: GHG, CRITERIA EMISSIONS IN DISADVANTAGED COMMUNITIES

Increased cycling, ramping of thermal power plants will increase emissions, often located in sensitive areas ...



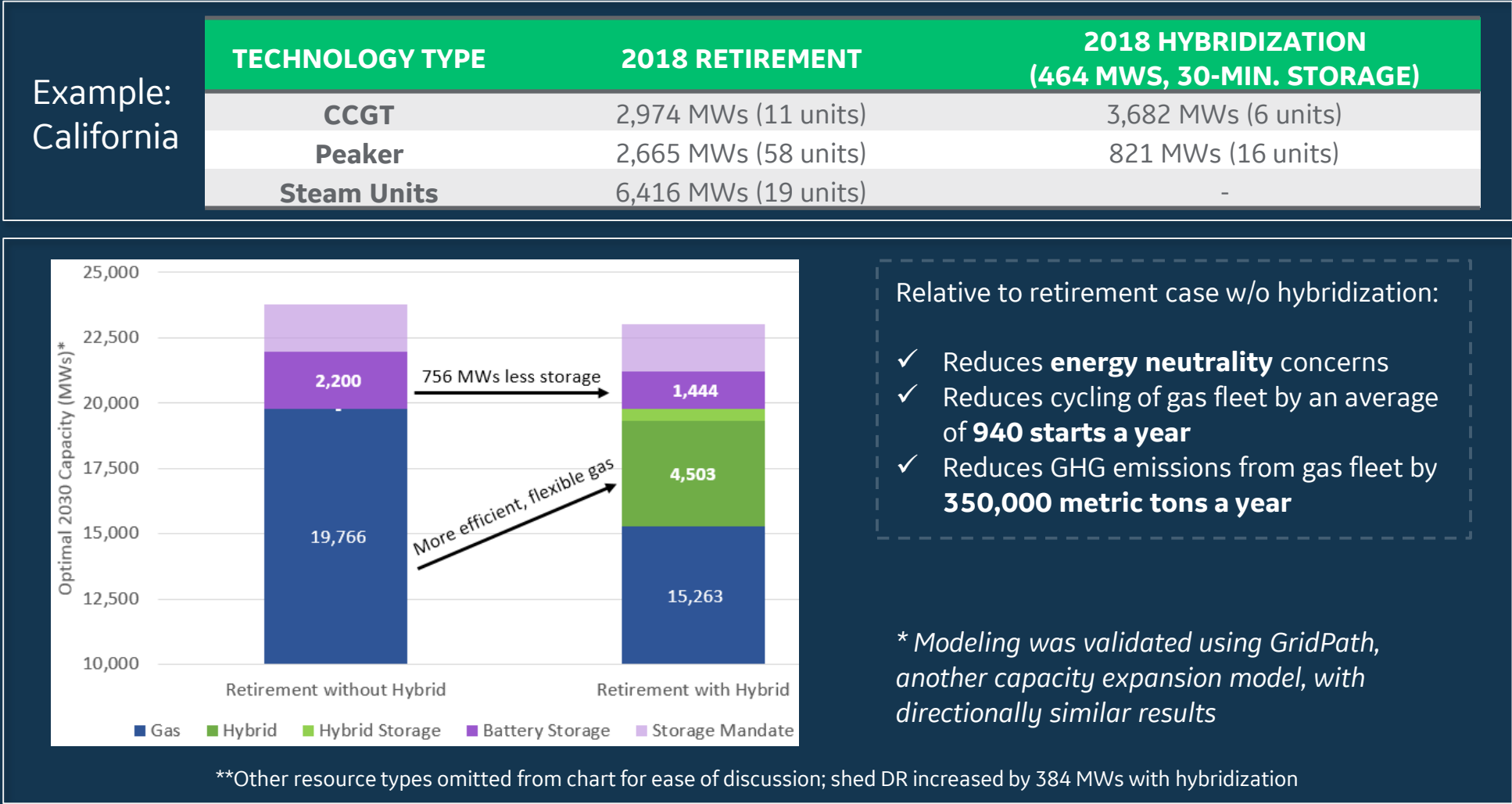
**CLIMATE SOLUTIONS MUST START WITH
OUR MOST IMPACTED COMMUNITIES!**

Source: OEHHA AB 32 Report

THERMAL HYBRIDS: MACROECONOMIC BENEFITS

Energy Storage Solutions: Unlocking the Transition to a Reliable Low-Carbon Electrical System

THE PRAGMATIC SOLUTION: HYBRIDIZE A SUBSET OF GAS PLANTS



Source: Gridwell Consulting, Wellhead Electric Company, Inc.

Early procurement of hybrid facilitates **immediate** retirement of gas-fired resources w/o sacrificing reliability

QUANTITATIVE IMPACT OF HYBRIDIZING A SUBSET OF GAS PLANTS

- ✓ Hybridization of a subset of the existing Peakers in DACs can allow them to provide immediately responsive operating reserves without burning gas
- ✓ Hybridization of a subset of the current CCGTs can provide the same ramping capability (load following) from fewer resources without increasing GHG

1 Hybrid Peaker

(e.g. 10 MW/5 MWh battery added to 50 MW existing gas peaker)



Gas free operating reserves ...
-15,000 to -30,000 metric tons GHG
(annual reduction)

22 Hybrids

(e.g. 460 MW batteries installed on ~4,500 MW existing plants)



Gas free operating reserves AND additional load following can help create enough head room for **~5500 MW gas plants to retire**

Example:
California

Source: Wellhead Electric Company, Inc.

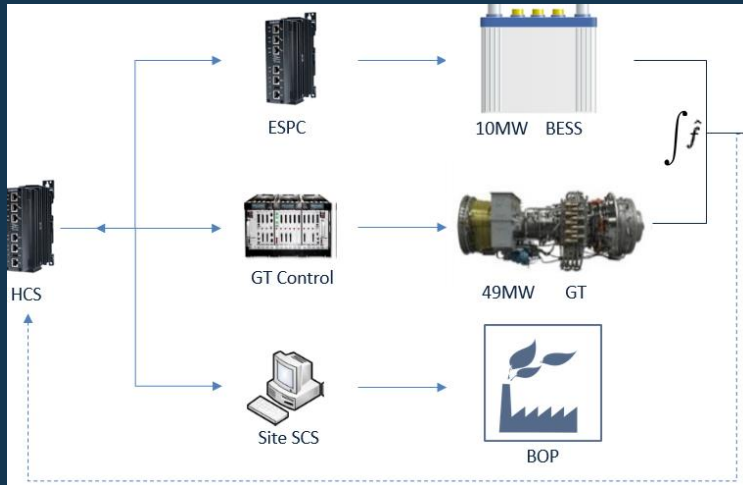
Hybridization of an existing gas plant also increases its speed, operating range and flexibility.

WHAT IS A THERMAL HYBRID?

Energy Storage Solutions: Unlocking the Transition to a Reliable Low-Carbon Electrical System

THERMAL HYBRID: SIMPLE CYCLE

TYPICAL CONFIGURATION



USE CASES / APPLICATIONS

Spinning reserve
Regulation
Frequency response
Load following
Voltage support

CAPABILITIES (FULLY AUTOMATED POWER PLANT IN HYBRID MODE)

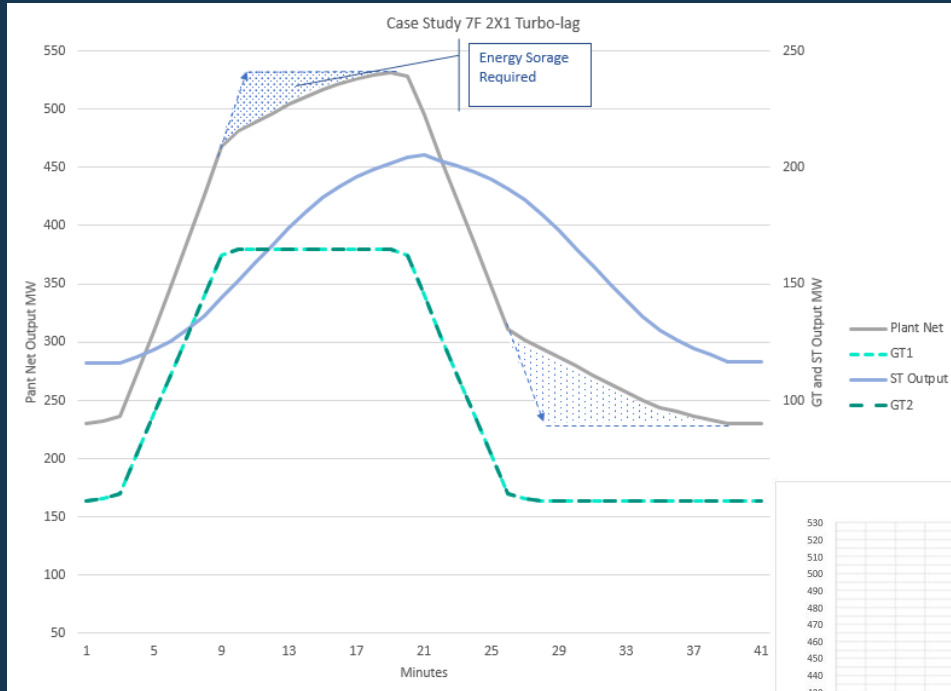
- $P_{min} = 0.00 \text{ MW}$
- $P_{max} = GT P_{max}$ (47.00 to 49.90 MW)
- Commitment time = 0.00 minutes
- Commitment cost = \$0.00
- GT start/stop managed by the Hybrid Control System (HCS)
- Battery SOC managed by the HCS
- Minimum Down Time = 0.00 minutes
- Minimum Up Time = 0.00 minutes
- Precise Net MW Control
- ISO AGC Control (25 to 30 MW of high quality regulation)
- Automated response to grid events
- Primary Frequency Response
- Will start GT only if required
- Voltage Regulation
- Adjustable Trickle Charge to maintain battery SOC when GT is not running

GE LM6000 HYBRID EGT VS. STANDALONE ASSET

DIRECT PROJECT VALUE	EXISTING LM6000	10MW 4-HR. BESS ONLY	LM6000 EGT UPGRADE
<i>Contingency reserve value no emissions</i>	0	10 MWs	50 MW
<i>Instant on</i>	x	✓	✓
<i>RA value</i>	50 MWs	10 MWs	50 MWs
<i>Max power</i>	50 MWs	10 MWs	50 MWs
<i>Min power</i>	>0	-10 MWs	-10 MWs
<i>Spinning reserve value no emissions</i>	0	10 MWs	50 MWs
<i>Energy capacity</i>	Unlimited	Very limited	Unlimited
<i>High-speed frequency regulation</i>	0	10 MWs	10-25MWs
<i>Grid energy neutrality</i>	✓	x	✓
<i>Blackstart with no emissions</i>	x	?	✓
<i>Utilize existing interconnect</i>	N/A	x	✓
<i>Utilize existing substation & GSU</i>	N/A	x	✓
<i>Utilize existing communications and backhaul</i>	N/A	x	✓
<i>Utilize existing land</i>	N/A	x	✓
<i>Speed to install</i>	N/A	Slower	Fast
<i>Cost</i>	0	\$\$	\$

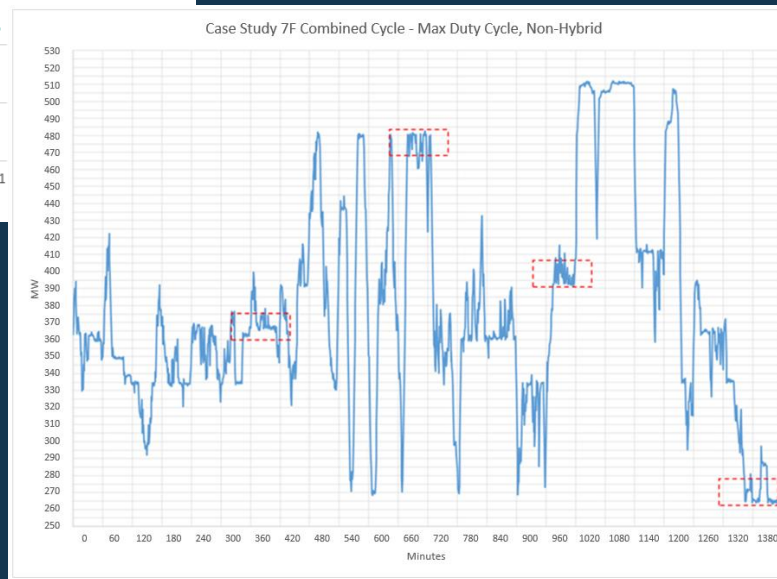
THERMAL HYBRID: COMBINED CYCLE

CAPABILITIES



1. Eliminate ST lag
2. Increase flexibility

1. Eliminate oscillations
2. Improve accuracy



BENEFITS

PERFORMANCE

- ✓ Increased ramp rate
- ✓ Increased accuracy
- ✓ Less wear on turbo machinery

GRID / MARKET

- ✓ Increase in intra-hour, flexi-ramp/load following capability
- ✓ Primary frequency response available at P_{max}
- ✓ Fast, accurate generation

OPTIMIZING GENERATION FLEETS

INDUSTRY CHALLENGES

Reserve dispatching favors low-cost providers and often requires assets to run at non-optimum, minimum loads.

SYSTEM CHALLENGES :



**EFFICIENT
INTEGRATION**
of variable
generation



**FLAT LOAD
GROWTH**
but faster ramps
& higher peaks



**CONTINGENCY
RESERVE**
& Inertia
Requirements



**REDUCE
EMISSIONS**
& Increase renewable
penetration

OPERATIONAL CHALLENGES :



MULTIPLE
Starts per day



INCREASED
need for spinning reserve



DISPATCH
to minimum loads

View GE's
SOLUTION



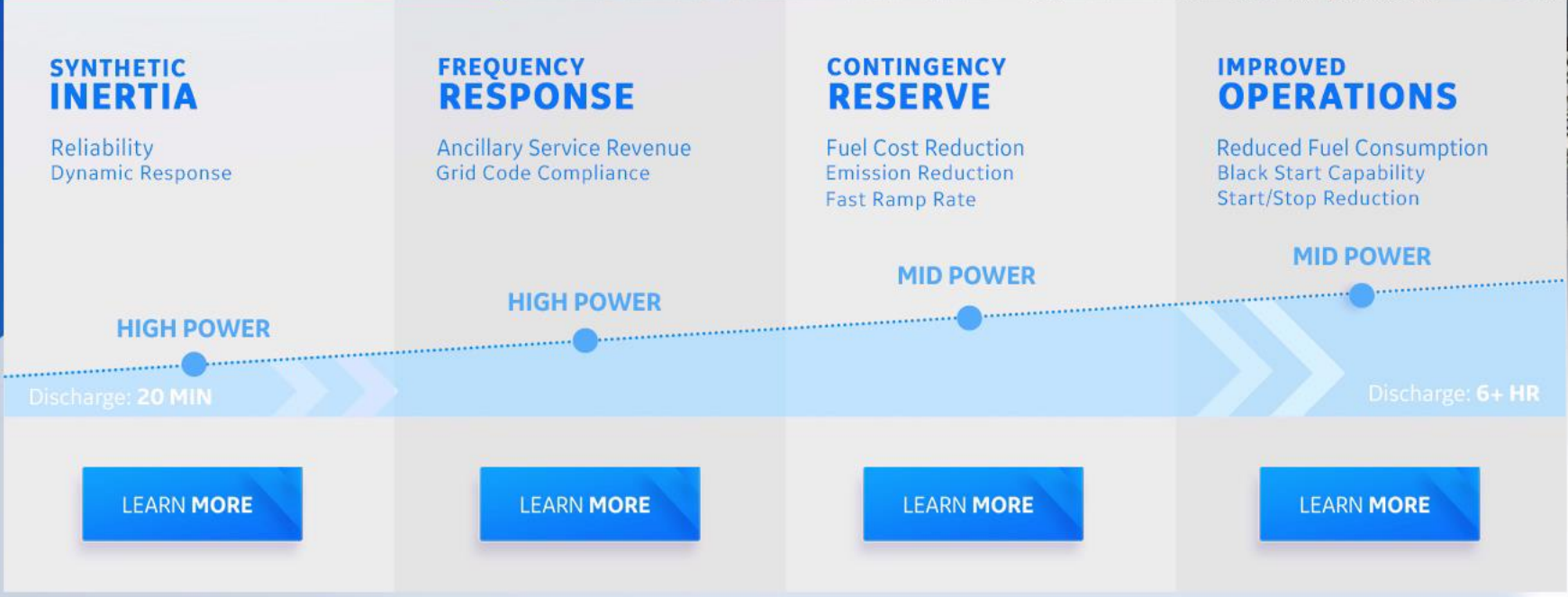


RESERVOIR APPLICATIONS

HYBRID THERMAL

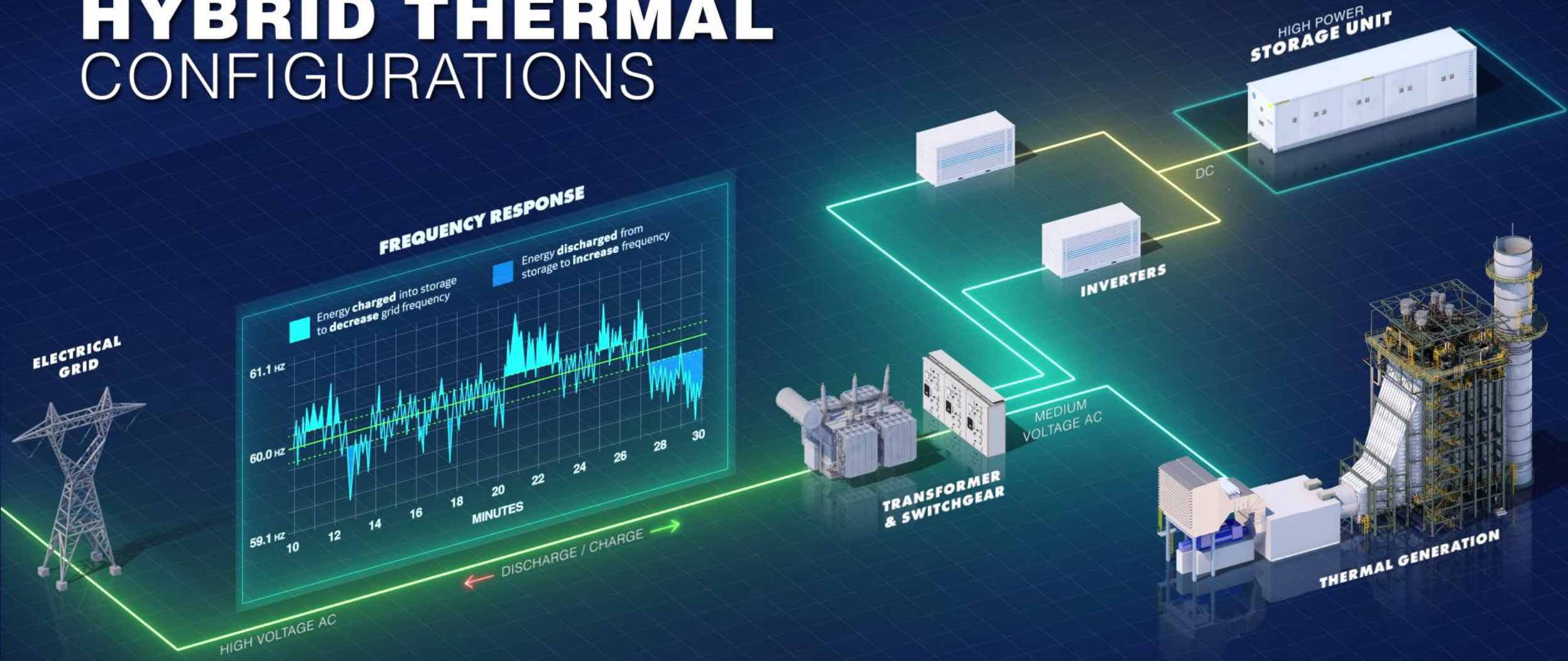
Optimize Generation Fleets

GE's solution combines steam and gas turbines with energy storage plus digital controls to reduce fuel costs and gas emissions, by optimizing the use of existing generation sources and enabling applications such as frequency response, black start, shifting and capacity markets.





HYBRID THERMAL CONFIGURATIONS



HIGH POWER
SYNTHETIC INERTIA

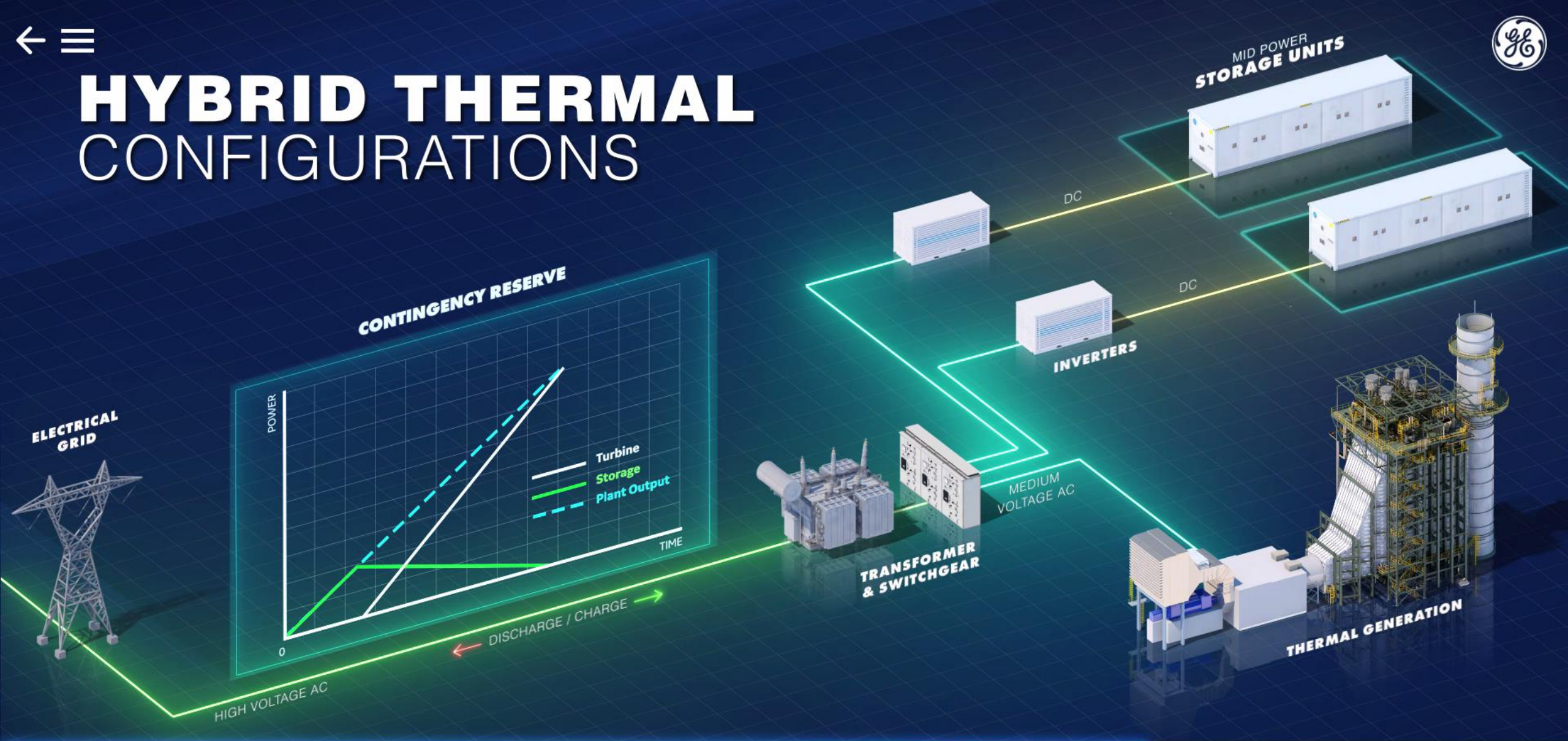
HIGH POWER
FREQUENCY RESPONSE

MID POWER
CONTINGENCY RESERVE

MID POWER
IMPROVED OPERATIONS

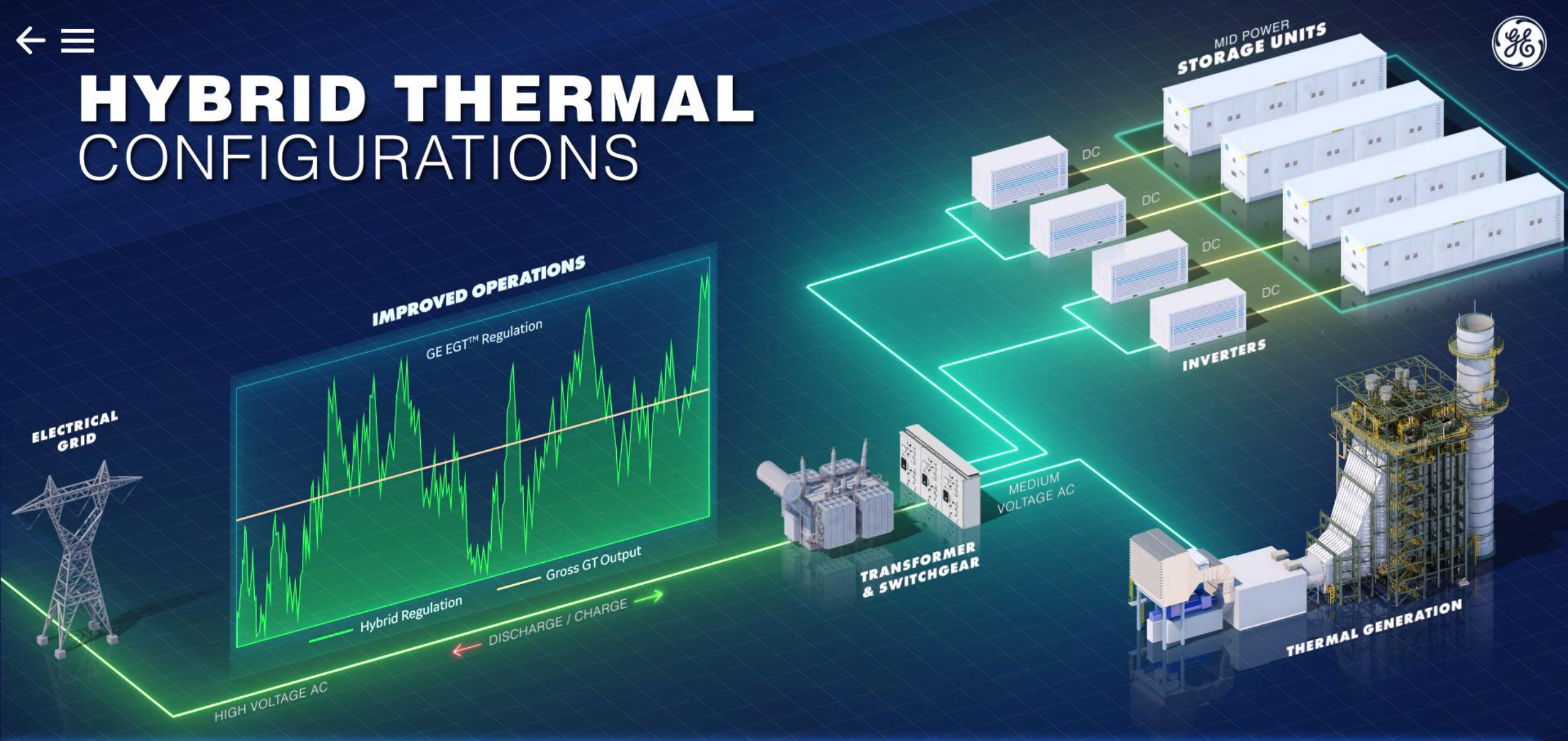


HYBRID THERMAL CONFIGURATIONS



- HIGH POWER
SYNTHETIC INERTIA
- HIGH POWER
FREQUENCY RESPONSE
- MID POWER
CONTINGENCY RESERVE
- MID POWER
IMPROVED OPERATIONS

HYBRID THERMAL CONFIGURATIONS



HIGH POWER
SYNTHETIC INERTIA

HIGH POWER
FREQUENCY RESPONSE

MID POWER
CONTINGENCY RESERVE

MID POWER
IMPROVED OPERATIONS

THERMAL HYBRIDS: CASE STUDIES

Energy Storage Solutions: Unlocking the Transition to a Reliable Low-Carbon Electrical System

OPTIMIZING THE GENERATION MIX WITH THERMAL HYBRIDS

Introducing thermal hybrids on their system allowed SCE to change how and when its other assets were dispatched

- Saves 2 million gallons of water per year
- Reduces starts by half, GHG and other emissions by as much as 60%



CUSTOMER PUBLIC POWER UTILITY

CHALLENGE

Addressing local grid reliability concerns

GE SOLUTION

10MW / 4.3MWh BESS, integrated controls

APPLICATION

Hybrid - Thermal (EGT)
Spinning reserve

LOCATION

Southern California (US)

STATUS

In operation

This project consists of two 10 MW of battery energy storage systems, each paired with GE's proven 50 MW LM6000 aeroderivative gas turbines, capable of providing instantaneous response during a spinning reserve event.

OPTIMIZING GENERATION FLEETS

GE's SOLUTION



Gas Turbine

+



Energy Storage

+



Digital Controls

INCREASED UTILIZATION :



50_{MW}

of greenhouse gas-free
peaking energy for
local contingency



25_{MW}

of high speed
frequency regulation
for improved response



-8/+5

MVAR Voltage support
& primary frequency
response when offline



**INTEGRATED
SYSTEM
OPTIMIZATION**

for both the turbine and
the battery storage

REDUCED SYSTEM COSTS & EMISSIONS:



**REDUCED
THERMAL STRESS**

on turbine for
extended asset life



**ZERO
FUEL & EMISSIONS**

between dispatch
events while supporting
ancillary services



Reduce costs by optimizing the use of existing generation sources and enabling contingency (spinning) reserve without fuel-burn

“As we navigate the transition to a 100% renewable future we need the gas fleet to become faster and more flexible (lower minimum load level, short start-ups). Like what Edison did with their EGT’s by adding batteries to their Peakers. We need more solutions like that.”

- Mark Rothleder, Vice President of Market Quality & Renewable Integration, CAISO

INTEGRATING MORE RENEWABLES

Imperial Irrigation District manages high levels of solar and wind generation, in and across their network. The energy storage system provides multiple services to increase grid reliability by managing dynamics events at multiple time scales.



CUSTOMER PUBLIC POWER UTILITY

CHALLENGE

Providing grid stability & smoothing renewable output

GE SOLUTION

33MW / 20MWh BESS

APPLICATION

Standalone - Transmission

Emergency power / black start capability, distribution management system integration, ramp rate control, frequency response, spinning reserve

LOCATION

Southern California (US)

STATUS

In operation

Located in California, which has some of the most aggressive renewable portfolio requirements in the US, this 33MW / 20MWh battery system complements the integration of renewable resources, such as solar and wind, by adding stability and improving power quality.



IID BOARD OF DIRECTORS REGULAR MEETING (21 AUGUST 2019)

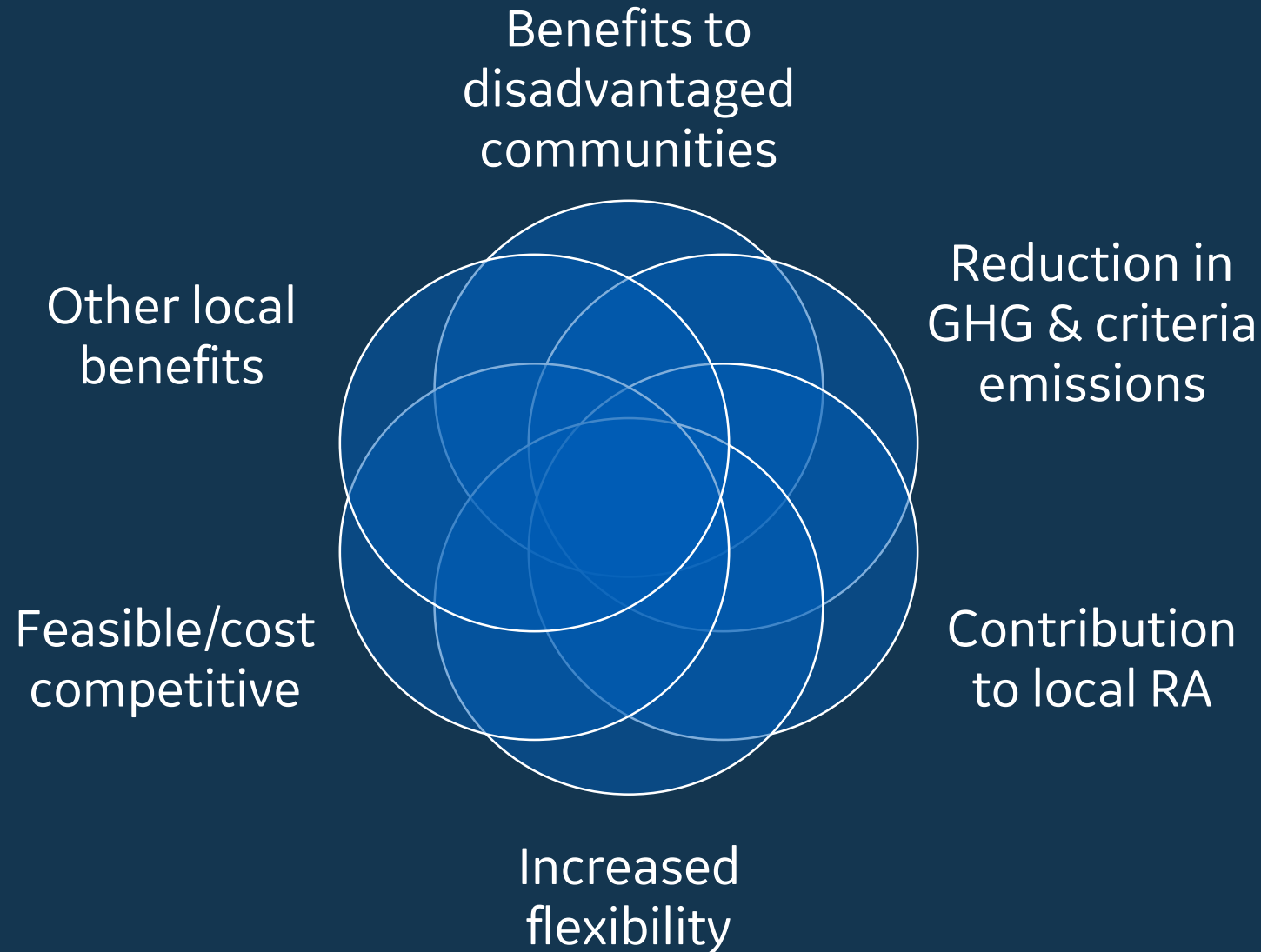
“Without the battery, before, losing the S Line like that would’ve affected a much wider size of our territory. And the fact that it ... in the dead of summer ... that it was isolated still, I think is due to the battery.”

*“We had talked about the value of the battery from operational and in ... all inclusive, we had hit more than **three-quarter million dollars a month in value.** [...] So it’s a tremendous value.”*

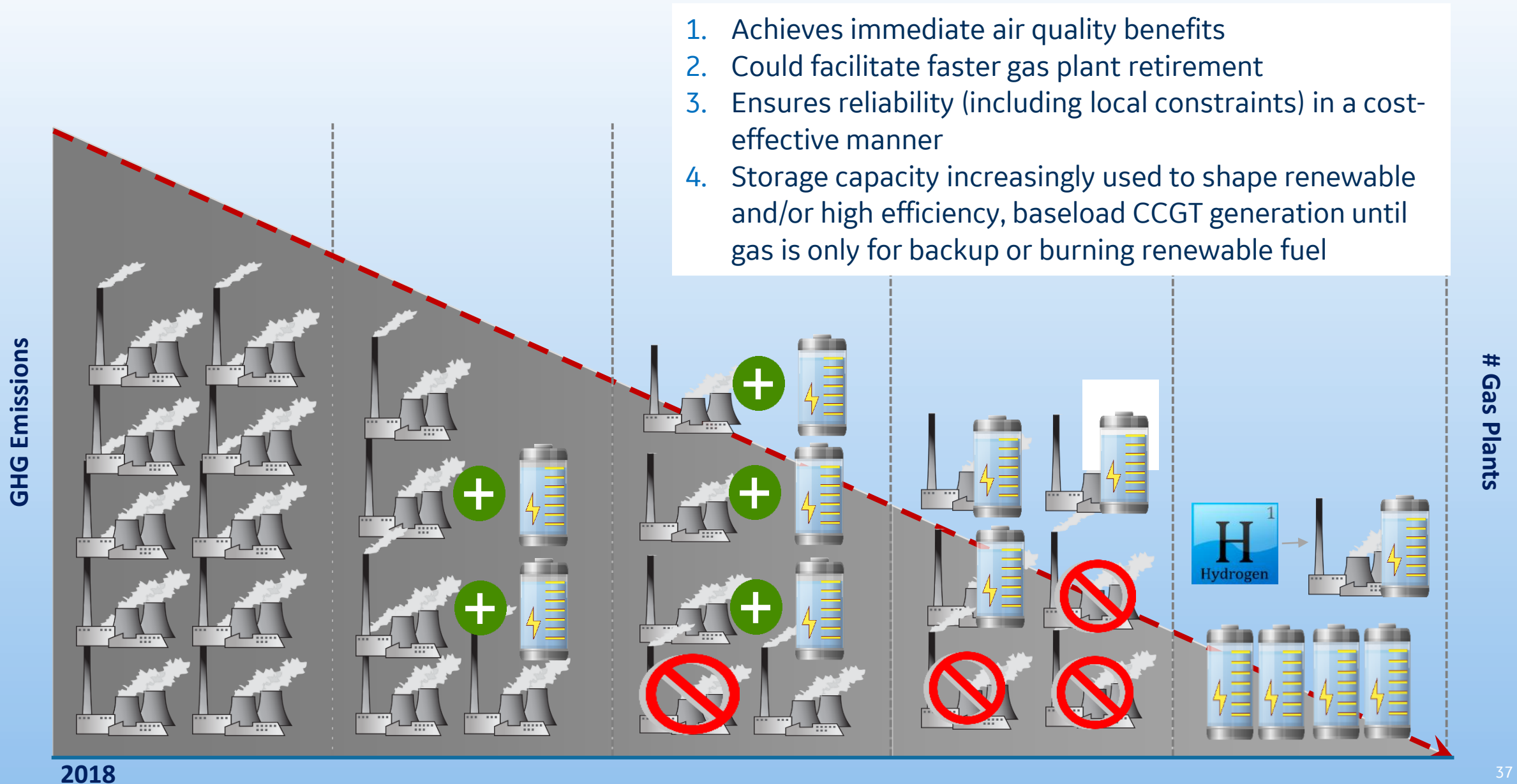
CONCLUSIONS, NEXT STEPS

Energy Storage Solutions: Unlocking the Transition to a Reliable Low-Carbon Electrical System

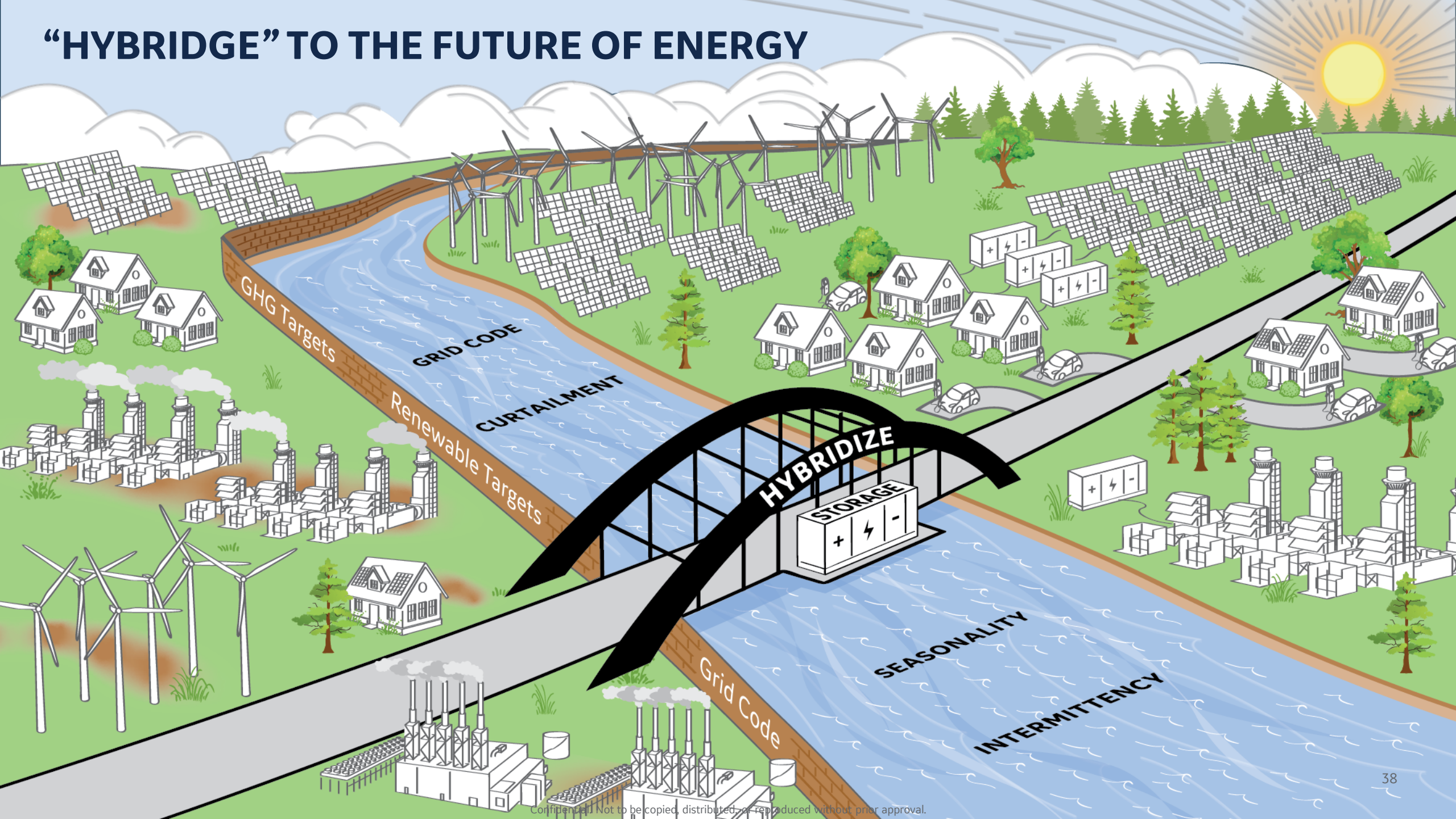
ECONOMICAL, SOCIAL, & ENVIRONMENTAL BENEFITS OF THERMAL HYBRIDS



A ZERO CARBON ROADMAP USING EXISTING THERMAL RESOURCES



“HYBRIDGE” TO THE FUTURE OF ENERGY



Q & A

**Questions can be submitted through
the chat box in your browser.**



Energy
Storage
Association





**Expansion. Inclusion.
Integration.**



Register Now

**Phoenix Convention Center
April 16 - 18, 2019**

esacon.energystorage-events.org



Energy
Storage
Association



Thank you

Please submit ideas for future webinars to
education@energystorage.org



Energy
Storage
Association

